HAS ABANDONED DEMOCRACY

Hon. B. F. Ibach, of Huntington, Cuts Loose from a Party He Has Long Served.

He Will Hereafter Act with Republicans, Believing They Better Represent the People's Interests and the Country's Needs.

Democratic Campaign Slanders and Falsehoods That Would Not Bear Light.

Increased Interest in Republican Meetings Throughout Indiana-Governor Fifer in Illinois-Division That Will Help Cannon.

CUT LOOSE FROM DEMOCRACY. Ex-Representative B. F. Ibach Says He Can No Longer Act with That Party.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. HUNTINGTON, Ind., Oct. 30.-It has been an open secret for two years past that Hon. B. F. Ibach, of this city, who represented Huntington and Allen counties in the General Assembly four years ago, was not in active sympathy with many of the positions taken by the Democratic party in State and national politics, but it was not known until recently that he would no longer act with that party. Mr. Ibach has been an intense partisan, but the continued antagonism of the party to the best interests of the country, its open alliance with the whisky traffic, have so disgusted him, in common with many other respectable Democrats, that he has boldly cut loose from the party. He resigned his position on the Democratic county central committee soon after Colonel Briant was nominated for Congress, having early resolved that he would not vote for A. N. Martin, and is now actively supporting the entire Republican ticket. In an interview with the Journal correspondent Mr. Ibach said:

"It is a fact on some questions I never was in full sympathy with the Democratic party in Indiana. It was always known that I did not take any stock in the misleading phrase "sumptuary laws." I opposed a tariff for revenue. Revenue increases or diminishes. A tariff for revenue, therefore, would have to be increased or diminished, continually disturbing financial interests. Then I voted for General Grant as against Horace Greeley. Ever since the Greeley campaign I saw the party had no settled policy on any national or State question. It was the loaves and fishes they were after, and because of a failure to secure these under Cleveland Democrats voted against him. It is hard for a man at my age to cut loose from a lifetime of party affiliations, but when a United States Sen-ator, whom I had the honor to aid in his el-evation to that high office by casting my vote for him, with Martin, the Representative from this district in Congress and a Democrat, voted against a proposition to allow the States to regulate their own internal affairs (voting to barter away the right of self-government for the sake of securing the votes of the worst elements of society), and voted against reciprocity, which is gradual free trade, the way was paved for me to leave the Democratic party of the present day and join bands with that party which says the States shall be permitted to regulate their own internal affairs, and which says to other nations, 'You trade with us and we will trade with you. Let our products enter your ports free, yours shall enter ours

"The Republican party is in favor of each of these propositions, and I believe them right. Therefore, I now support the Republican party. The defects in the Mc-Kinley bill sink into utter insignificance before the above propositions. If labor organizations, farmers alliances and Prohibitionists would only apprehend the danger in placing the present Democratic party into power there would be a grand rally of all these forces against that party I regret exceedingly that Martin voted against the West and for the East in the ocation of the world's fair. the wrong side on silver question. He voted against openof the ports of the South American states, so that the products of the West could find another market. He voted against opening up trade with other countries. By his vote on the 'orignal package bill' he declared States must not be allowed to regulate their own internal affairs. Upon all these questions Colonel Briant stands on the right ground. I therefore support Colonel Briant. There are always new questions arising

which political parties must settle. A new phase of the common-school law is now under discussion, and enters into politics in the States of Illinois and Wisc Democratic party is conspiring with the enemies of the common schools there. The Republican party is fighting to save the little red school-house. When that conflict reaches Indiana, which it will, I want to be on the side of our school system, therefore I now cast my lot with the Republican "The Republican party has always taken

advanced grounds on the subject of temperance. To that party we owe all the restrictive legislation enacted against the liquor traffic, and here, again, it commands my respect and fealty.

BOURBON FALSEHOODS REFUTED. Postmaster McPheeters Defends Himsel Against a Newspaper Attack.

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal: A false and slanderous "special" in the Indianapolis Sentinel of the 27th inst. charges that I have been guilty of an "infamous outrage" and "flagrant violation of the law." I am charged with failure to deliver to subscribers of the Saturday Courier a supplement containing the matter recently printed by that paper in its attacks upon Mr. Enoch Fuller. I am quite willing to give up my character for veracity if a single subscriber can be found who will say his copy of the Courier of the 25th inst. did not contain the Cravens supplement. The Raum circular was not delivered, because its delivery would have been a plain violation of the law. Section 338, revised postal laws, reads:

Rule 1. A publication entirely distinct from and independent of the regular issue, but complete in itself and in nowise connected with or germane to the regular issue, cannot be adapted

Rule 8. Supplements must in all cases bear the name of the paper with which they are folded, and if they contain advertisements, the number and date corresponding to the regular issue.

The Raum circular was a publication "entirely distinct from and independent of the regular issue," and "did not bear the name of the paper with which it was folded." The editor of the Courier was notified at once that to secure the delivery of these circulars postage must be paid. I cannot remain silent and do justice to myself. I am compelled to denounce the author of this "special" to the Sentinel as a slanderer. Mr. Edwin Corr. of this city. was represented to me as the inventor of this easily refuted slander. When I demanded Mr. Corr to give his authority for the publication, he hastened to assure me "that the facts had been furnished him" by that pattern of honesty and political virture, H. J. Feltus. If the editor of the Courier and ex-postmaster is the author and originator of these charges affecting my honor as an official of the government and my character as a man, I call upon him to produce the evidence, clear and conclusive, of the truth of his charges, and in ease of his failure to do so, I know all honest men must regard him as a slanderer.

J. G. MCPHEETERS. BLOOMINGTON, Ind., Oct. 30. Another Bourbon Falsehood Exploded.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. GREENCASTLE, Oct. 30 .- The opponents of Major Dunbar are hard pressed in their schemes to feat his election to Congress. Down in Brown county they have circulated the report that as trustee of this

township - a position to which he was

elected by over five hundred majority—he refused to appoint Democrats as teachers of the public schools. The charge is absolutely and unqualifiedly false. The apbrace several members of leading Demo-cratic families, and the appointees were selected in all cases with due regard for their qualifications rather than their political or religious opinions.

Goods Selling Lower Now Than Ever.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BRAZIL, Oct. 30 .- It having been reported that leading merchants of this city had allied themselves with the free-trade party and had raised prices of their goods in order to create prejudice against the tariff law, the following card will be of interest:

This is to certify that the prices of goods now handled by us have not advanced in the markets since the passage of the McKinley bill. The goods are now as low or lower than like goods sold by us for the last two years.

DANIEL DAVIS, Boston store. MOORE & FERGESON, furniture.

SHANNON, FAST & SOWERS, provisions. WILL D. MCCULLOUGH, clothing. J. F. SMITH, When Clothing Company. D. W. BRATTIN, jeweler and book-seller. RICHARDSON & Co., dry goods. J. A. DECKER & SON, provisions. SMITH & JONES, provisions. HENDRICKS & Co., merchandise.

BRAZIL, Oct. 24.

ENTHUSIASTIC RALLIES. Tariff and Other Issues Discussed by Hon John W. Lovett at Lagrange.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LAGRANGE, Oct. 30.-Hon. John V Lovett addressed a large and enthusiastic audience on the issues of the campaign at Rinck's Opera-house last night, covering the questions, national and State. H treated the McKipley bill as it affects the great producing and agricultural people, and showed what protection has done for

the farmers; that it has increased the value of their lands and the value of farm products by creating a home market. And at the same time, by building up manufactures and creating competition, it had decreased the price of the necessaries of life. He said that farm products had been too low in price. The reason for this was that our products exceeded the home demand; that there was a surplus of 10 per cent. that must go abroad, and this to a great extent fixed the price of the entire crops. He showed how the McKinley bill. with its reciprocity feature, would fill up the gap and give us a perfect home market, and that prices would then be fixed so as to give the farmers a fair compensation for their moneys invested in lands and for their labor in making the crops. He next reviewed the silver bill and showed how it would give the country additional currency, good legal-tender money, and how these wise measures had already had the effect to increase the volume of business. He gave good reasons why the State of In-diana should be for a protective tariff. The speech was well received.

Great Republican Day at Winchester.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WINCHESTER, Oct. 30 .- A rousing old time Republican day has been enjoyed here by a large and enthusiastic crowd of people. This afternoon the City Hall was filled with an enthusiastic audience to hear the Hon. Milton Trusler and Gen. John Coburn discuss politics with bared hands and from the shoulder. Gen. Thomas M. Browne presided at the meeting, and introduced farmer Trusler in one of his old-time

Mr. Trusler's andience inspired him, and he soon carried them away with his good, hard, practical, common sense, wit and logic. General Coburn's speech was all that could be expected from one of his experience and ability. The general feeling when he was through was, give us more

To-night Capt. William D. Stone, our next Representative from this county, addressed a large audience in his convincing way. It looks now as though Randolph county would report to headquarters after the election on next Tuesday: "Old Randolph counts 2,400 Republican majority."

Congressman Cheadle at Lebanon.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LEBANON, Oct. 30.-Fifteen hundred Republican voters gathered at Brown's Operahouse this evening to hear Hon. J. B. Chea dle, Congressman of this district, and for two hours he had their undivided attention, pointing out the many different reasons why a man should be a Republican. He spoke with telling effect upon the tariff showing plainly that it was paid by the manufacturer and not by the consumer, as it was placed upon articles that come in direct competition with their like in the United States. His remarks were very pleasing to the old soldiers. He mentioned a few of the many favors extended to them by the present administration. Mr. Cheadle's speech was of an argumentative nature, and every assertion he made he gave proof therefor. It was the most enthusiastic political meeting held here during this campaign, and his speech was conceded ered. The Lebanon Glee Club furnished amusing political songs, and the meeting was dismissed by three rousing cheers.

Things Look Well in Gibson County.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. PRINCETON, Oct. 30.—The Republicans of Gibson county are alert and watchful, and there is every indication of a full vote being polled at the coming election, and the county carried by the usual majority. Un der the direction of the capable chairman of the county committee everything possible has been done to insure success. The nominations made here were of the best. the meetings well attended, and perfect harmony prevails. From now on until election the work of instruction will go on. and everything pushed to the utmost. The meetings held by the Hon. Gurley Brewer have so thoroughly instructed and aroused the colored voters that it is safe to say that each one will be present prepared to cast his ballot in such a manuer as to benefit the party of freedom. No man has ever done better work for the Republican party in southern Indiana than has Mr. Brewer.

Mr. Morton at Cicero. special to the Indianapolis Journal. CICERO, Oct. 30 .- Hon. O. T. Morton ad dressed a large audience at the log cabin a this place, last evening. Mr. Morton explained the benefits of the silver bill in such a way that even Democrats were convinced. He dwelt at length upon measures adopted by Congress in the interest of the laboring man. The ruinous policy of Democratic legislation in regard to the State finances was shown in a clear and concise statement of facts. The inhuman treatment of subjects in the insane hospitals by Democratic attendants, and especially the killing of Blount in the Richmond asylum, was shown in all the horrors and infamies, such as only Democrats would tolerate. The speaker was listened through with the bert attention, many Democrats being present. In fact, this was the most successful meeting held in the county during the cam-

Canvassing Parke County. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ROCKVILLE, Oct. 30 .- The Hon. D. Bishop, of Kentland, Ind., has been canvassing Parke county in the interest of the Republican party. He will make his last speech Saturday night at Tangier, and then take the train for Indianapolis on his way home to vote. This gentleman is a good talker, and he has explained the Me-Kinley bill and other acts of the last Congress to his hearers in a sound, logical way. His review of the State debt and the single-tax theory has pleased the farmers, and his meetings have been large ones. He has undoubtedly did much good in this county. He has made many friends during his week's stay. If all counties have been thoroughly canvassed, as Parke has by this speaker, the State will surely go Republican next Tuesday by a large majority.

Was Lied About by the Sentinel.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TIPTON, Oct. 30. - In the issue of the Indianapolis Sentinel of last Wednesday the statement is made that William Picken, of this city, has announced that he will vote the Democratic ticket on account of the passage of the McKinley bill, and that he further charges the Republican policy as

favoring the banker and the rich to the detriment of the welfare of the poor. Mr. Picken is one of Tipton's best and most responsible citizens, and he denounces the Sentinel statement as absolutely false and without foundation and is very indignant that he should be so grossly misrepresented before the public. He freely talks about it and declares that the Republican party is right, and that he will vote for it, and advises others to do so in spite of the publications in the Democratic newspapers.

Mr. Butler at Rockville

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ROCKVILLE, Oct. 30.-The Hon. John M. Butler, of Indianapolis, delivered one of his great political speeches at the courthouse to a large and appreciative audience of Republicans and Democrats, assembled from all parts of Parke county. He first took up the State issues and ventilated them thoroughly, especially the State debt. Then he handled the national issues in a plain and forcible manner. His talk on the Mc-Kinley and silver bills did much good. At the conclusion of the address all present gave three cheers for him. It is hoped by all that the State will go Republican, and this excellent exponent of Republicanism. who has never asked for an office, will be sent to represent the grand State of In-diana in the United States Senate.

Colonel Nelson at Fontanet.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Oct. 30 .- Col. Thos. H Nelson spoke at Fontanet, this county, tonight, to a large meeting. The Colonel asked to be assigned to his home county during the last week of the campaign, and is speaking nightly. He spoke in the operahouse in this city last night. Colonel Thompson presided, and in introducing the Colonel said he was very bashful and equally eloquent, which put the audience in good humor at the start. Colonel Nelson's speech was in his happy and convinc-ing vein, his delightful delivery and choice diction never being better. As has been his custom for many years in his speeches in this district, he devoted considerable of his time to the exposure of the inconsistencies of Mr. Voorhees's record.

Mr. Taylor at Wabash.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WABASH, Oct. 30 .- Hon. Robert S. Taylor, of Fort Wayne, addressed a large meeting of Republicans, at the opera-house, in this city, to-night. The speech was one of the ablest of the campaign, and was listened to with rapt attention from beginning to end. Mr. Taylor devoted nearly the whole of his effort to the tariff question, and to demonstrating that the causes of agricultural depression were the constantly increasing area of arable land, the improvements in farm machinery and consequent reduction of the cost of grain-raising, and the lack of a market for all farm products. The tariff, he declared, had given us a home market, without which our surplus grain could hardly be disposed of at any

An Illiterate Election Officer.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. GREENSBURG, Oct. 30 .- The new election law (Section 15) provides for the selection of election sheriffs upon the recommendation of the chairmen of the central committees of the two leading parties. This has been done in this county, and at least one of the men chosen as a Democrat subscribed his oath of office by "his mark," being unable to write his own name. How he will be able to "enforce the provisions of the election law," if he cannot read the same, is not apparent. And this in the good State of Indiana with her magnificent free-school system.

Mr. Ballard at St. Paul.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. St. Paul, Oct. 30.-G. M. Ballard made the best political speech ever made here last night. He answered the free-trade argument made by Mr. Bynum here last Saturday night in a masterly manner, showing the fallacy of the free-trade doctrine, the benefit of the McKinley bill to the producer and laborer. He demonstrated the justice of the federal election bill, and said that the only hope of a service pension is from the Republican party. On the State debt question he showed conclusively that it was a Democratic legacy.

U. Z. Wiley at Rushville. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

RUSHVILLE, Oct. 30 .- Judge U. Z. Wiley, of Fowler, spoke here to-night for almost three hours. The audience that filled the court-room was shown, in a polished and eloquent address, the unfitness, the incompetency and corruption of Democracy. Mr. Wiley held up that party's record to view alongside the grandeur and increasing greatness of the Nation under Republican rule. Mr. Wiley's word-painting of the political situation in Indiana will make no

Mr. Humphrey at Bedford. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BEDFORD, Oct. 30 .- Hon. W. E. Humphrey addressed a Republican meeting at the court-house, in this city, to-night. His hearty approval of his audience, and his manner of presenting matters pertaining to State politics was skillful and convincing. Lawrence county Republicans are ready for the grand charge upon the enemy's works next Tuesday, and will do their part to win a glorious triumph in the

Mr. Wiley at Northfield.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LEBANON, Oct. 30.-J. W. Wiley addressed the Republicans in the eastern portion this county at Northfield this evening. It was, as has been every Republican meeting in this county during this campaign, largely attended.

ILLINOIS POLITICS.

Gov. Fifer Holds a Monster Meeting at Mattoon-A Lie Nalied.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MATTOON, Oct. 30 .- An acre seating capacity would not have been large enough to have accommodated the crowd which gathered in Mattoon this evening to hear Gov. Fifer's address on the political issues of the day, but he was received in an enthusiastic manner by all who could crowd into Dole's Opera-house, and in his own characteristic way delivered one of the best campaign speeches of the season. He first paid his respects to that relic offantiquity. General Palmer, claiming that the reason some men now prominent in Illinois politics did not carry a musket in the war for the Union was that they heard Palmer had gone to front and they concluded be able to settle would the difficulty. He complimented the Republicans of this district upon the stirring campaign they were making and had cheering words for all the State, district and county candidates, and predicted that the Republicans would emerge from the contest next Tuesday with a majority of 25,000. His welcome was a most hearty one. and his address able and earnest. Before introducing Governor Fifer Senator Lehman nailed a silly Democratic campaign lie to the wall. The editor of the Mattoon Commercial to-day published the statement that the Hon. Joseph G. Cannon voted against the railway-safety regulation bill introduced by Henderson, of lows. It took but few words to inform the audience that the bill was yet in committee, and had not come up for a vote. and that Mr. Cannon was an especial champion of Mr. Henderson's measure.

Another Division in the Opposition to Cannon

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. DANVILLE, Oct. 30.-Last summer the Prohibitionists controlled the so-called in dustrial conventions held in this city, and dictated all the nominations. They are now kicking at their own work, and in Ver milion and Edgar counties have printed tickets headed prohibition tickets. These correspond with the Industrial tickets already printed, except on congressional and legislative candidates. For Congress they have substituted the name of John S. Sargent, a farmer and member of the F. M. B. A., living in Coles county, near Charleston. For State Senator from the Thirty-first district in the place of Allen Varner, who has been indersed by the Democrats, appears the name of John F. Buckner, a young attorney living in this city. In the place of John Connelly, a coal-miner

and candidate for the lower house, they have inserted the name of Dr. Lysander Porter, of Edgar county. This placing of Sargent's name on the ticket for Congress divides the opposition to Mr. Cannon among three candidates, and cannot fail to be of

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

material benefit to him.

Knoxville, Tenn., reports a heavy fall of snow there yesterday. The Sugar Trust has been reorganized under the name of the American Sugar Refining Company.

The government inspector says it will cost about \$2,500,000 to put a new foundation under Chicago's public building. Hugh McDonald, of Mount Carmel, Pa., a local political leader, was struck by a Reading train, last night, and fatally in-

Miss Baker, of Stilesboro, Tenn., was murdered by an unknown person on Wednesday. Her body was found concealed in a brush pile.

Miss Francesca Guthrie, prima donna of the Hess Opera Company, and C. D. Moyer, Minneapolis lawyer, were married in Milwaukee yesterday.

Near Athens, Ala., last week, Mrs. Mat-

thews shot twice at a negro who had as-saulted her. Yesterday his dead body was found in the woods near by. At Holly Springs, Miss., yesterday, Frank Shelton, colored, who murdered Louis Thomas, a colored flagman, in Memphis last Tuesday night, was shot and killed while resisting arrest.

The Leavenworth (Kan.) Times was found to contain a list of prizes raffled for at a fair Wednesday night, and the postmaster yesterday stopped the entire edition from passing through the mails. Wm. T. Tennehill, a member of the New

York Cotton Exchange, committed suicide at Englewood, N. J., Wednesday night, by shooting himself with a revolver. It is believed that he was temporarily insane. William H. Calvert, of Vane, Calvert & Co., St. Louis, committed suicide at Chicago, last night, with a revolver. Calvert is said to be quite wealthy. He has been staying in a sanitarum under treatment, it is stated, for insomnia.

The public bequests of Mrs. Lydia Rhodes, of Lynn, Mass., widow of Amos Rhodes, are as follows: Second Congregational Society, \$3,000; Lynn Home for Aged Women, Lynn Public Library and the Lynn Hospital, \$20,000; \$2,000 for the erection of a Rhodes

memorial chapel, in Pine Grove Cemetery. The dead body of George A. B. Hitt, aged sixty years, was found in his room at Myer's Hotel, No. 16 Broadway, Brooklyn, yesterday. Hitt committed snicide by inhaling gas through a rubber tube attached to the gas jet. He left a letter requesting that his remains be cremated, and stating that he came from the Pacific coast.

The committee of the express companies appointed to revise the freight tariff has finished its work, and a circular has been sent out notifying the shippers of merchandise by express of the advance in rates. The new schedule takes effect Nov. 1, and is based on an advance of 50 cents per 100 pounds between Chicago and Eastern cities. The bodies of John Welch, fireman, and John Montgomery, brakeman, who were supposed to have been burned in the recent collision in Kentucky, at Sloane's valley tunnel, have been found beside the

track in the debris. One of Welch's hands was plunged deep in the mud, as though he had plunged head foremost from his engine. His watch was found under him. Captain Munro, his sixteen-year-old son and his crew of nine colored sailors, of the wrecked brigantine Eugenie, which went to pieces on the beach at Jones Inlet, near Fire island, arrived at New York yesterday. The castaways were sorry-looking men after their disastrons experience. All

they saved from the wreck was the clothes they wore. Of these there was very little. The commission appointed by the Penn-aylvania Legislature to survey a route and eport on the practicability of building a ship cana! between Lake Erie and Pittsburg, has decided to recommend such an enterprise. The object is to bring ore ves-sels down through the lakes and into the manufacturing regions of western Pennsylvania and of Pittsburg without breaking

The cruiser Philadelphia, which was scraped by a Dutch steamer off Staten island Wednesday, had another collision yesterday in the lower bay at New York. as she was passing out to sea. This time it was with a sailing ressel, the schooner Grace Gower. The Philadelphia was not hurt and proceeded on her way. The schooner had sails and halvards injured. and was towed up to the city.

Four Men Robbed by One Highwayman. TEXARKANA, Ark., Oct. 30.-A lone high wayman held up and robbed four men near here yesterday. Two men named Markham took two bales of cotton to New Boston, where they sold them. On the way back they were confronted on the road by the ber, dressed as a tramp, who emphasized his demand for their money and watches by thrusting a revolver in the face one of the men. Shortly afterward the Hon. W. Hudgins, one of the attorneys in the cotton-belt robbery case, and Pollins Rodgers, another attorney, came along, and to them the Markhams related their experience. The story was received with scussion of national issues met with the | laughter, the attorneys saying that the bravery of two men who allowed one man to rob them might be questioned. Two hundred yards further on the attorneys were stopped by the same man, and the experience of the Markhams was repeated,

and a considerable sum of money and their watches were secured.

Efforts to Reconcile Unitarians. CHICAGO, Oct. 30 .- The meeting of the Western Unitarian Conference was resumed to-day. The object of this meeting is to affect the reconciliation between the Unitarian churches of the West, which have been divided since the attempt was made in 1886 to put the churches on a purely ethical basis. About half the churches objected and withdrew. The committee appointed yesterday to arrange details for the organization of the "conference associa-tion" reported to-day, and recommended that the association be made up with the president and secretary of each State conference. The association was formed, and will hold its first regular business meeting in Chicago within the next six months. his accomplished, the remainder of the session was solely for social purposes, a number of papers being read.

Archbishop Feehan's Silver Jubilee. CHICAGO, Oct. 30 .- The second day of Archbishop Feehan's silver jubilee opened with a tribute from the little folks of the church. At 10 o'clock about eight thousand children from the parochial schools of the city gathered at the Auditorium in holy atire, with bands, banners and emblems. The Archbishop and visiting bishops were seated on the stage, and behind them were the body of the clergy. The children filled the great Auditorium to overflowing, while the members of the conventional orders occupied the boxes. The little people, under the direction of their teachers, presented a iterary and musical programme, including the singing of a number of national an-

Will Pension Confederate Soldiers. JACKSON, Miss., Oct. 30 .- In the Constitutional convention to-day the following was adopted: "The Legislature shall enact laws to prevent all trusts, combines, contracts and agreements inimical to the public welfare." On motion, the resolution of Mr. Robinson, of Rankin, granting a pension of \$75 a year to indigent confederate soldiers. was amended by striking out the words \$75, leaving the Legislature to fix the amount. Mr. Street's resolution, granting ten years' exemption from taxation to manufacturers of cotton, wool, silk, furs or metals, or manufacturing implements of use in a finished state hereafter established.

Pool-Selling Law Declared Unconstitutional, CHICAGO, Oct. 30 .- Last summer Edward Corrigan, proprietor of the West-side track, caused the arrest of a number of city pool-sellers for violating the State law and city ordinance forbidding the sale of pools, except within the inclosures of racecourses. One of these cases came up for final hearing before Judge Tuley to-day in the Circuit Court, and the Judge rendered a decision to the effect that the statute and the ordinance under it are unconstitu-tional because they tend to give special privileges and to create a monopoly of

OSCAR WILDE talks of coming back, and says he won't mind the ocean trip, so long he can get plenty of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup to kill off It's the best selling thing on our shelves, is what the dealers say of Salvation Oil. We don't wonder, as everybody speaks well of it. 25 cents.

gambling.

INDIANA AND ILLINOIS NEWS

Robbed of His Wealth by a Highwayman at the Door of His Own Stable.

His Head Peppered with Shot-Fell Into & Boiling Glue Vat-Fatally Stabbed in a Bloody Battle at a Dance.

INDIANA.

Knocked Down and Robbed by a Highwayman at the Door of His Own Stable.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RICHMOND, Oct. 30 .- James Martin, who lives with his parents about three miles from Centerville, on the Jacksonburg pike, was "held up" and robbed last night. He scours the country for chickens, which Barefoot, of Cambridge, ships to the Eastern market. This the nocturnal robber who accosted him evidently knew, and he was, no doubt, aware that he would get his money for a load yesterday. So he stationed himself inside of Martin's stable, and when he unhitched his horse and was in the act of entering the stable door, he ran against the end of a revolver and heard a command to give up his wealth. His roll was a pretty good one, about \$60, and the fellow made good his escape with it.

Criminal Threatens a Witness in Court.

Special to the Imdianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Oct. 80 .- In the Circuit Court, here, to-day, Elisha Bell was found guilty by a jury of blowing open the safe of Len Griffith, a coal-dealer, on the night of Nov. 28, 1889, and stealing \$180 in cash. His partner in the crime, William Watson, who is now serving out a two-years' sentence the southern prison for larceny, was brought here and testified against him. The jury was out but a few minutes, when they brought in a verdict of nine years in the southern prison. Bell, on hearing their decision, grew indignant and threatened, if an opportunity ever pre-sented itsel, to cut Watson's throat. This is the fifth time Bell has been sentenced to prison. His father is now serving a term in Michigan City prison for larceny, while three years on a similar charge.

Soldiers' Reunion.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CRAWFORDSVILLE, Oct. 30.—The members of Company E, Seventy-second Regiment, Indiana Volunteers, held a reunion at the home of Ambrose Remley, near Wesley, and about four miles west of this city, on last Tuesday. There were several of the boys present. A bountiful dinner was set before them, and the time was spent in talking over the times during the war. The following officers were elected: President, Ambrose Remley: secretary, L. B. McClamrock, and an organization was completed. Ambrose Remley was presented with an ele-gant gold-headed cane, the presentation speech being made by A. D. Lofland.

Bad Hunting Accident.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RICHMOND, Oct. 30 .- This morning Will Bryant, son of J. E. Bryant, of West Richmond, was shot in the side of the head while out hunting with a party of friends back of Earlham College. The party had scattered over a stubble-field, and one member flushed a covey of quail and banged away at them without looking for the rest of the crowd. The shot, about a dozen of them, took effect in the right side of the head and neck, plowing two deep furrows over the right eye and one in the front of the neck, just above the larynx.

Bright Goes Free.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MARION, Oct. 30 .- William Bright, of Delaware county, had a preliminary hearing to-day on the charge of subornation of perjury, and was released. Two weeks ago Bright eloped with Gertrude, the fourteen-year-old daughter of Jacob Bricker. One John Donahue swore that the girl was of lawful age, and a license was issued at this place. Donahue cannot be found. The fatherof the child-bride has taken steps to have the marriage annulied.

Were Married Seventy-Two Years.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. KOKOMO, Oct. 30 .- Mrs. Martha Long, wife of ex-Judge Thomas A. Long, died at the home of her son, County Commissioner J. L. Long, to-day, aged ninety-one years, surviving but ten days her husband, who died Oct. 20, aged ninety-four years. This couple lived together as man and wife for seventy-two years, rearing a family of twelve children.

Wreck on the Clover-Leaf.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MARION, Oct. 30.-At Van Buren, last evening, two freight trains on the Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City road collided. The engines were badly wrocked and three cars were derailed. The trainmen escaped by jumping. The track was blockaded for twelve hours. The damage sustained was

Superintendent Blake Re-Elected. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FORT WAYNE, Oct. 80 .- John G. Blake

was to-day unanimously re-elected superintendant of the Indiana Home for Feebleminded in this city. His term of office will be for three years. Fatally Scalded.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

NEW ALBANY, Oct. 30.-William Tang was perhaps fatally scalded to-day by falling into a vat of boiling water at a glue factory near this city.

Minor Notes. The corporate existence of the South Bend National Bank, of South Bend, has been extended twenty years.

Last night, at Muncie, fire destroyed Loan Franklin's unoccupied livery barn, on South Walnut street. A dwelling-house, occupied by John Shideler, near by, was badly damaged. The loss of the barn is covered by insurance. It is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

Clarence Horney and Arthur Davis, both young boys living in Richmond, were arrested by the detective employed by the . M. railroad on the charge of housebreaking. They broke open a car-house at Dodson's station and got out a hand car, on which they rode nearly home, after which they abandoned it.

John Golden, a man about thirty years of age, whose home is unknown, was sentenced to the penitentiary for two years, at Kokomo, yesterday, by acting Judge Cooper, for grand larceny. Two weeks ago he pilfered a lap-robe, whip and other articles from Dr. McClurg, and then fled to Anderson, where, last Sunday, he stole a \$140 bi-cycle from J. F. Wysong. The goods were

On Wednesday night Frank Raredon, or Crawfordsville, went to Scott Steele's restaurant and commanded his wife, who was working there, to go away with him. Upon her refusal to do as requested he took out from under his coat a large butcherknife and made an attempt to cut her throat. Steele was badly cut about his hands in defending the woman, and finally Raredon was landed in jail.

Last evening William Simmons, the notorious sneak-thief, in jail at Muncie, awaiting the arrival of Illinois and Iowa officers, came near making his escape. A large stone, six inches thick, in the wall had been broken by bending a gas pipe so the ourner would blaze against the stone which was cracked by throwing cold water on it. Simmons was trying to pry the pieces of stone out when detected by the

ILLINOIS. Close of the State Convention of the Farm-

ers' Alliance-Officers and Delegates.

ed to our shores we shall have a sufficient home market to consume the very small SPRINGFIELD, Oct. 30.—The State session of the Farmers' Alliance adjourned to-day. percentage of our farm products now classed as surplus and shipped abroad. The following officers were elected: M. L. Crum, of Virginia, president; H. M. Gilbert, of Geneseo, vice-president; F. G. Blood, of Chicago Inter Ocean. Mt. Vernon, secretary; Geo. P. Lee, of Mt. have "boots and shoes go up," notwith-standing free hides and cheap leather. It says "pegs are taxed." There are nearly a sent's worth of pegs in every well-made Sterling, treasurer; C. W. Stevenson, of Hanover, lecturer. The executive committee are F. W. Wickline, of Nashville; O. P. Hughes, of Virginia, and F. S. Melvin, of sent's worth Geneseo. M. L. Crum, of Virginia, and H. pegged shoe!



Gas, Steam and Water



M. Gilbert, of Geneseo, were elected delegates to the national convention at Ocala, Fla., on the third Friday in December. A

memorial was largely signed approving the Paddock pure food bill and denouncing the

Conger compound lard bill and sent to the United States Senate. The adjournment

was taken to the third Tuesday in Novem-

The Pleasures of Society.

of a country dance near here, last night, a

bloody row occurred, caused by a young

man named Moor Printy, who had been

ordered out of the house. Fifty couples

engaged in the affray. Brick-bats, sticks and chairs flow through the air. Joseph Munson was probably fatally stabbed.

Moses Printy was also seriously cut. There

Brief Mention.

William C. Hanes, of Highland, poisoned

Ross Lock was held in the sum of \$500 for

Mrs. Eliza Fuller, of Chicago, died dur-

ing a fit of coughing while visiting at Joliet, Wednesday.

"La grippe" has again made its appear-

ance in the vicinity of Carlyle. Fifteen or

twenty cases have been reported by physi-

Calvin Holden and Albert Dunhan, who

were condemned to be hanged for the mur-

der of Harley Russell, and were taken to

he Macon county jail for safety, have been

J. W. Phillips has been missing from

home, at Elgin, since Aug. 28, and all in-

quiries have failed to disclose his where-

abouts to his family. He is a cattle-buyer,

Lillie Stehn, nine years old, was drowned

in the Kankakee Stone and Lime Company'

quarry. She was on her way home from school, when her hat blew off and went

over the quarry bank, and in attempting to recover it she fell over the embankment

STANLEY'S AFRICAN EXPEDITION.

What a Member of the Party Says Abou

Major Barttelot and Other Matters.

In an interview with Mr. Rose Troup, of

the Stanley expedition, on the charges

made by Mr. Stanley against the late Major

called for censure from him. One was the

shooting of a Zanzibar porter for stealing

meat and another flogging a Soudanese

soldier for some breach of discipline. Now,

Stanley has that all mixed. A Soudanese

soldier was shot for desertion and for steal

ing a gun and ten rounds of ammunition

and a Zanzibar porter was flogged

night one of the Soudanese soldiers de-

serted the camp while on guard duty, tak-

reward was offered for his recapture and he

was brought back by the Arabs. The same

day a court-martial was held and the man

condemned to be shot. Messrs. Ward and

Bonny voted in favor of shooting the

wretch, and Jameson and myself were op-

Barttelot cast the deciding vote in favor of

the execution. The soldier was taken out

at 5:30 the next morning and shot by his

own comrades. I was not present at the execution. I had voted against it because

did not think the occasion demanded

it. The others were equally consci-entious in voting as they did. It was a legal execution, and if those who

condemn were in Major Barttelot's place

they might have done the same thing. Mr.

Stapley accuses me of cowardice in not

interfering when I saw Major Barttelot

getting into trouble with the natives. He

told me I should have forced my advice

upon him. He also told me that I should

have put the Major in irons for shooting

that soldier, and sent him back to England

in disgrace. What nonsense! Mr. Stanley knows I had no right to interfere with the

commander of the camp. Major Barttelot would have been justified in shooting me

on the spot. He was in command, not I

While that was not a military expedition, it was absolutely necessary to have dis-

cipline, and good discipline required but

one head-one commander. He was se

lected by Mr. Stanley, and I reiterate my

charge that Mr. Stanley is primarily re sponsible for any blunders made.

"Now. I'm not going to talk any more

about the matter until Mr. Stanley makes

public the charges which he intimates he

will make. Then I may have a reply t

make. Mr. Stanley says he has his proof.

Well, so have I. I am not going to sustain

Mr. Stanley against Major Bartelott until

I know what he's going to say; neither am

going to deny blindly what he intimates.

Perhaps we shall agree as to the facts.

That remains to be seen. But I surely

shall not criticise Major Barttelot until

know what Mr. Stanley has against him

Mr. Stanley is a great explorer, but he went into this for fame and for what he could

get out of it. He has no more philanthropy

than my boot. I will go further and

say that the expedition was in the

nature of a speculation, and not a philan-

thropic relief movement. The capitalists,

who backed it, were after the ivory, which Emin Pasha was supposed to have collected. The officers of the expedition had promises of a certain share in the big supply of ivory,

which was expected as a reward for their

services. Emin Pasha's release was a sec-

ondary consideration entirely. He did not want to be released. He had been up there ten or twelve years and had held his own

all right. Those facts explain the entire

situation, and the expedition must neces-

sarily lose some of the glamor which sur-

rounds it when it is known that greed for fame and riches, instead of humanity,

Industrial Emancipation at Hand.

The dawn of our complete industrial

emancipation is at hand. We have been

buying wares of foreign manufacture to the amount of nearly \$500,000,000 yearly, all

of which might be produced and ought to

be produced by American labor and capital.

When the worsted-mills, tin-plate factories

and other establishments that have pro-

duced these imported wares are transplant-

Faulty Free-Trade Logic.

A free-trade contemporary is bound to

prompted the movement."

Chicago Inter Ocean.

ing with him his gun and ammunition.

fair occurred in this manner:

stealing meat. The shooting af

and had nearly \$1,000 in his pocket.

the shooting of Charles Stotte, at Vandalia

were no arrests.

himself. Cause unknown.

cians during the last few days.

brought back to Monticello.

and was drowned.

CARTHAGE, Oct. 30 .- During the pro

ber, in 1891.

Goods. GEO. A. RICHARDS,

68 South Pennsylvania St. A PERMANENT CENSUS BUREAU.

Suggestion Whereby the Present Imperfect Methods May Be Improved. Boston Transcript.

The many criticisms of the methods and results of the present census have brought out the suggestion that a permanent census bureau should be established. There is a good deal of force to the suggestion, for the census in this country is intimately connected with the machinery of government. In most other countries the census simply tells the story of their progress or decline by decades. It does not affect as directly as in the United States the political weight of sections or the political value of the individual citizen. The congressional apportionment, and the legislative apportionment of the severs states being based on the census, it is of the utmost importance not only to the Nation, but the individual voter everywhere that the enumeration of the people should be as accurate as is possible to fallible human intelligence. Moreover, it follows that the task of enumeration should not be left to men who are picked up hit-or-miss, men who know Congressmen better than they know the localities in which they are called upon to work, and who, receiving an utterly inadequate compensation, hurry through a job which many of them have taken only because they are out of regular employment. To digest the great mass of data collected even by the most painstaking of enumerators requires a special talent and a special training. That these qualities are best obtained by the experience that ong service gives original capability will be questioned only by those who have an interest in questioning it. Five or six years' time is required to finish up

work of a census after mere enumeration is completed The accounts of the army employed in collecting data require time for adjustment by the Census Bureau, and the other departments require still more time to adjust the adjustment. Then there are usually many "special topics" considered by every census, the charge of which is committed to specialists, and which are in effect a series of industrial monograms. So long as these are included in the census they must take time, as, if they are not thoroughly done, if their comnot beyond question, they are so much

wasted paper. They should be such works as a great government can be sponsor for without danger of compromising its dignity. A skeleton force, the nucleus of what may be expanded into a large working or-Barttelot, Mr. Tronp says:
"Mr. Stanley has seen fit to specify two
things which Major Barttelot did which ganization for census-taking, would have the advantage of being administered by men who would bring to one census the ex-

perience and knowledge gained from its We regard the many complaints that are made of the present census as chargeable to the cumbersome and antiquanted methods which have controlled its management. The Sperintendent of the Census may not have been specially fitted for hisd uties, but he was not in this respect much behind some of his predecessors, if we judge their qualifications by their work. It is only fair to say that these gentlemen had, like Mr. Porter, to work with an immense quantity of unskilled labor in a field requiring not only skill, but a special skill that comes of talent and training. The faults of the present census are the results of the system under which it was taken, and that eystem is the outposed to such harsh measures. Major | come of the easy belief of our people and government that every turn his hand to everything. To assume that Mr. Porter has entered into a conspiracy to pad the returns of Republican States and swindle Democratic constituencies, is to accuse him not only of monstrous wickedness, but monstrous folly, since he would have to admit hundreds, if not thousands, into a criminal secret, which one man of their number could lay bare to the public. That there has been great carelessness manifested in tak-

HEIR TO MANY PERILS.

ing the census in some sections is, we fear,

not to be doubted; but that there has been

criminality we are not prepared to believe

The Eldest Son of the Czar to Come to America Next Month.

in the utter absence of evidence.

Recent dispatches from St. Petersburg indicate that the czarowitz will come to America first, instead of carrying out the original programme of visiting British India. China and Japan before coming here.

He will start early in November. The eldest son of the Emperor of Russia is called during the lifetime of his father the czarowitz, which means simply "son of the Czar." The young man who at present holds the title, the Grand Duke Nicholas Alexandrovitch—the latter name meaning "son of Alexander," is now in his twentythird year. He has the tall figure and powerful physique which have characterized all the Romanoffs since that family mounted the throne of Russia, but, as yet, little is known of his personal qualities. On the day of his birth he was gazetted colonel of the imperial guard, and it is said that he shows evidence of military capacity. If this should turn out to be true it will be a reversal of the family traditions. The Romanoffs have always shown bravery in the field, but Peter the Great was the last of the family who gave proof of ability to command an army in face of the enemy. The present Czar, in the lifetime of his father, held a high command in the last Russo-Turkish war, and showed no disposition to shirk either danger or privation, but as a general he was a complete

The ezarowitz is a nephew of the Princess of Wales and of King George of Greece, His mother, the ezarina, is a daughter of King Christian IX of Denmark, and was married in 1866, four years after the Prince of Wales had wedded her sister. Her name up to her marriage was Mary Sophia Frederica Dagmar, but she was always spoken of in public as the Princess Dagmar. Now she is called Mary Dagmar Feodorovna. The young heir to the Russian throne has seen some stormy times in his short life. As a child be was almost a witness of the terrible dynamite explosion which ended the life of his grandfather and placed his father on the throne, and more than once he was near when attempts were made on the life of the present Czar, which, if successful, would

at least, of 80,000,000 of subjects.

Tired of a Meaningless Fight Detroit Tribune. Many voters who have hitherto supported the third-party ticket are back to the Republican party. They have beome convinced of at least two things, (1) that it is useless longer to fire their guns in the air, are concerned their chief desire is to serve

have made himself the autocrat, for a time

the Democratic party. A CERTAIN cure for malarial fevers is found in amons Liver Regulator.